

System Behavior Specification Using IEEE Std 1175.4

27 April 2010

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1. REPORT DATE 27 APR 2010		2. REPORT TYPE		3. DATES COVERED 00-00-2010 to 00-00-2010				
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE	5a. CONTRACT NUMBER							
System Behavior Specification Using IEEE Std 1175.4					5b. GRANT NUMBER			
					5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER			
6. AUTHOR(S)				5d. PROJECT NU	JMBER			
				5e. TASK NUMBER				
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER				
	ZATION NAME(S) AND AD Aboratories,PO Box	` '	NM,87185	8. PERFORMING REPORT NUMB	G ORGANIZATION ER			
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)					10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)			
					11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)			
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAIL Approved for publ	LABILITY STATEMENT ic release; distributi	on unlimited						
	OTES and Systems and Sof ed in part by the US			-	il 2010, Salt Lake			
14. ABSTRACT								
15. SUBJECT TERMS								
16. SECURITY CLASSIFIC	17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	18. NUMBER OF PAGES	19a. NAME OF					
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified	Same as Report (SAR)	30	RESPONSIBLE PERSON			

Report Documentation Page

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188



Prologue

- System behavior is what delivers value into an application domain, but frequently it is not well understood even after the system has been realized
- The concepts and language for describing system behavior are not adequately addressed in many system development methodologies
- IEEE Std 1175.4[™]-2008 provides a conceptual model for describing the behavior of many kinds of engineered systems





Questions to be Addressed

About System Behavior Description

- What is the System?
- What is System Behavior?
- What is a System Behavior Description?
- Where does it fit the Development Life Cycle?

About IEEE Std 1175.4

- What does 1175.4 standardize?
- What descriptive concepts does it provide?
- What can be learned from a Behavior Description?

About Using Behavior Descriptions

- What use is a Behavior Description?
- How can you use it?





What is the System?

ISO/IEC 15288, Clause 5.1.2

 The system [is] man-made, created and utilized to provide products and/or services in defined environments for the benefit of users and other stakeholders.

Why

- Purpose is to alter some stakeholders' environment(s)
- Value is the benefit of change to those stakeholders

How

- Through interactions with the environment





What is System Behavior?

A Scientist's View of the Philosophy of Science

- Behavior is the ongoing interaction of the individual with its environment; It is transient
- The environment with which the individual interacts must be described and understood
- The science of behavior must be descriptive and classificatory
- The key to both the methods and concepts of behavior science is measurement

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A Model

- Represents some aspects of the system, but is simpler
- Enhances understanding and agreement about those aspects
- Does not misrepresent the system

Behavior Description

- Represents the interactions of system with its environment and the rules governing the relationships among them (behavior)
- Does not allow inferences about system design
- When quantified, provides product specifications





Black – Box Description



- Describes the behavior patterns of an individual
- Is expressed in terms perceptible outside the system
- Identifies cause-effect and functional relationships

White – Box Description

- Describes the behavior patterns of a collection, given the behavior patterns of the individuals
- Is expressed in terms perceptible inside the system, but outside the individuals
- Identifies causal chains and functional compositions



Where Does It Fit the Development Life Cycle?

Problem Domain: Need for a Result

- Product Criteria, describes desired effects
- Stakeholder Requirements

Solution Domain: Concept for a Thing

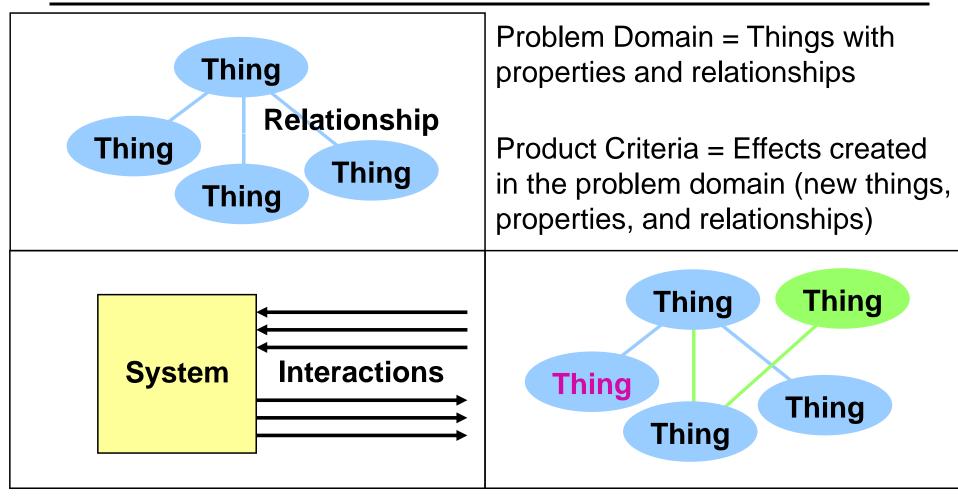
- Product Requirements, describes offered capability
- System Requirements
 behavioral, structural, environmental

Boundary between Domains is the System Boundary

- Requirements and Specifications, Michael Jackson (Addison-Wesley, 1995)
- ISO/IEC 15288:2008 Systems and software engineering System life cycle processes

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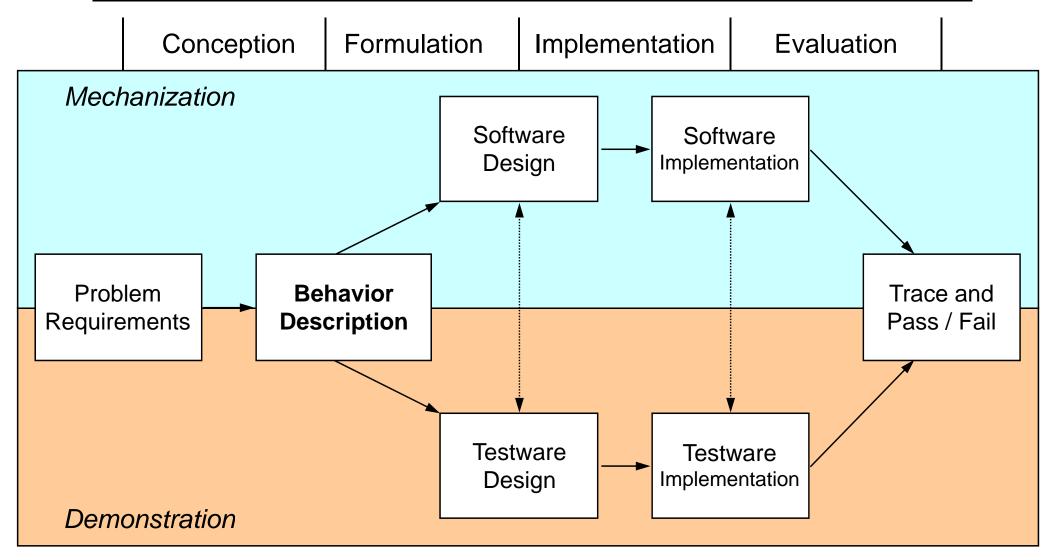
Where Does It Fit the Development Life Cycle?



Solution Domain = System capability interacts with problem domain to bring about required effects

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Where Does It Fit the Development Life Cycle?







Descriptive Model of System Behavior

- Not a design model for mechanism construction
- Not a mathematical model for proof construction

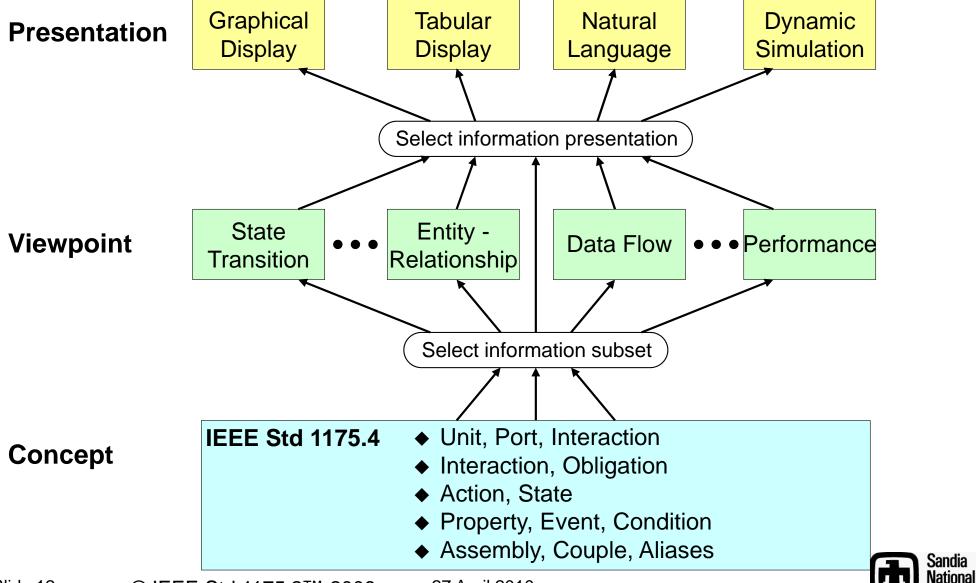
Goal is Understanding and Agreement

- Identify observables at the system interface
- Identify repeatable patterns of relationships
- Description of all possible lifelines

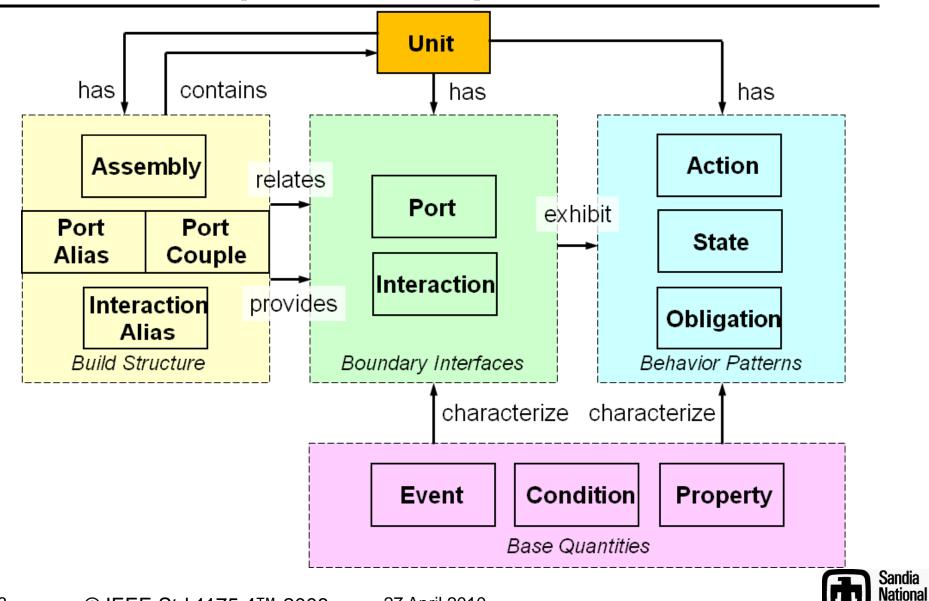
To Answer

– How will the system be affected by the problem domain, and how will it affect the problem domain?

What Does 1175.4 Standardize?



What Descriptive Concepts Does it Provide?



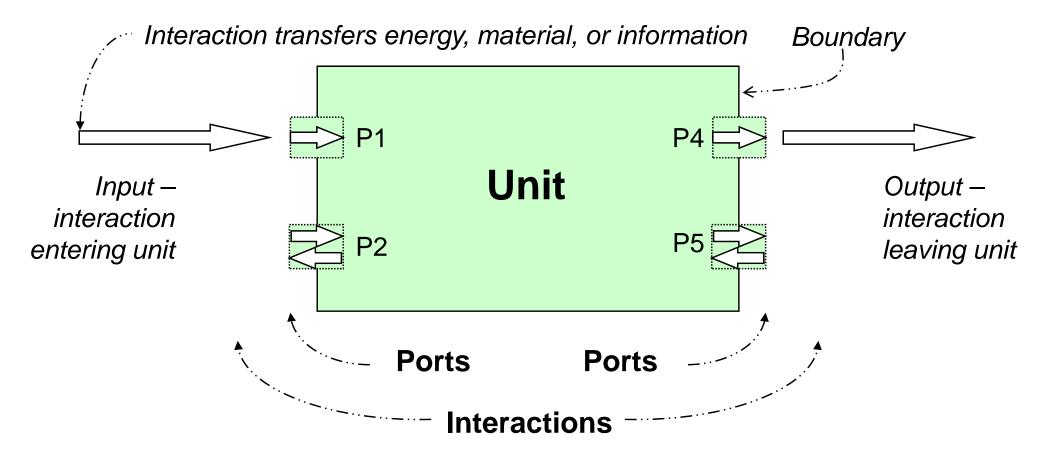


- Packaging of Behavior
 - Units, Ports, Interactions
 - Assembly, Couple, and Aliases
- Observables of Behavior
 - Interactions, Coordination Patterns
 - Properties, events, conditions
- Patterns of Behavior
 - Functionality, causality
 - History dependence



How is Behavior Packaged?

Units, Ports, Interactions







How is Behavior Packaged?

Unit

- Recursive architectural element
- System, subsystem, component, module

Port

- Means of interconnection
- Serialization of interactions
- Unidirectional or bidirectional

Interaction

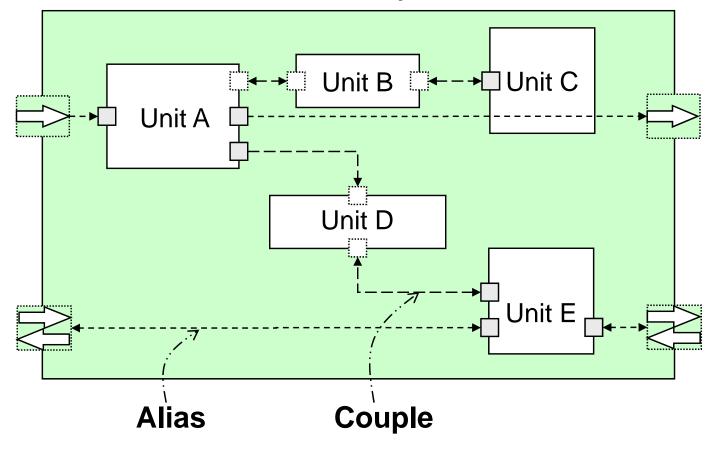
- Phenomenon shared between unit and environment
- Occurrence events, content properties or structures
- Interaction is point-time or extended-time



How is Behavior Compounded?

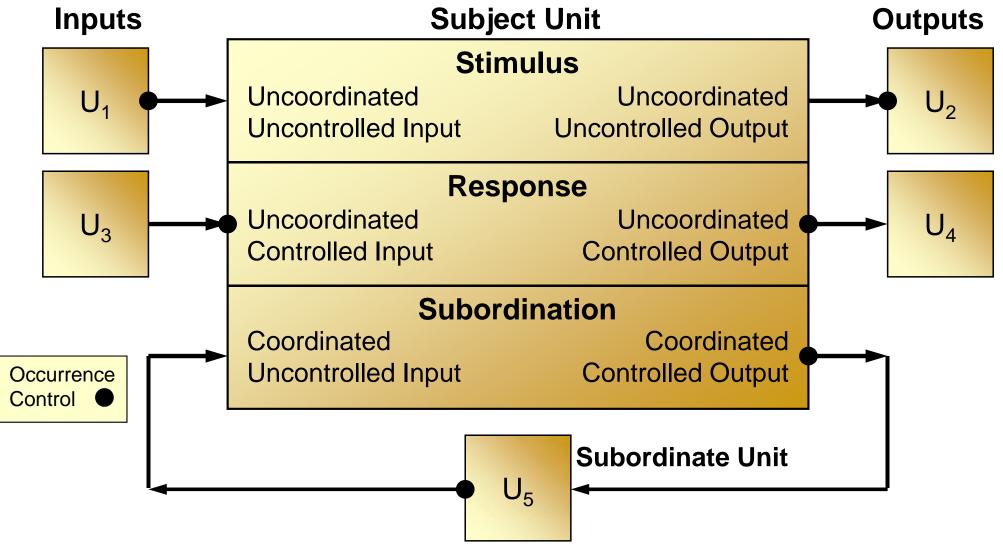
Assembly, Alias, Couple

Assembly





How are Behaviors Coordinated?







Property

- Measurable (observable) phenomenon of interaction
- Constant or time-varying, simple or compound, discrete or continuous

Event

- Marker for time when an observable change occurs
- Interaction occurrence, time-dependent property changes, or time changes

Condition

 Assertion about properties, events, or other conditions that is observably True/False at a given time





Cause

implies

Effect

This event

with these inputs
and satisfying these criteria

Those events
with those outputs
and making these guarantees

A Simplified Table Format

A #	X0	CO	E0	X1	C1
An	input	pre	trigger	output	post
		condition			condition



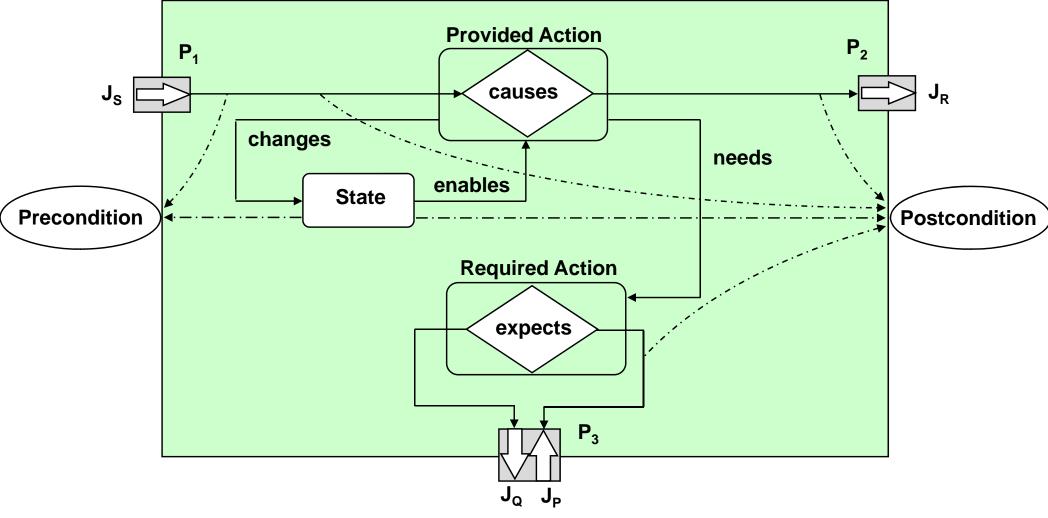


What Is a Behavior Pattern?

- Abstraction of Behavior Occurrences
 - Common set of interactions
 - Common set of conditions
 - Common trigger event
 - Different property values and event times, but within well-defined domain boundaries
 - Same True preconditions
- Action
 - A behavior pattern
 - Describes causal and affective relationships among a set of possible interactions



What Is a Behavior Pattern?







- Modification of Causal Dependencies
 - Behavior State
- Modification of Functional Dependencies
 - Property State
- Modification of Event Dependencies
 - Temporal State
- Modification of Interaction Dependencies
 - Port State





Cause implies Effect

This event
with these inputs
at this point in unit history
and satisfying these criteria

Those events
with those outputs
advancing unit history
and making these guarantees

A Simplified Table Format

A #	X0	S0	C0	E0	X1	S1	C1
An	input	initial state	pre condition	trigger	•		post condition





Unit: (Name)

- Specification of Ports, Interactions
- Specification of Properties, Events, Conditions, States
- Specification of unique cause-effect and functional relationships with a catalog of Action patterns, e.g.

A#	X0	S0	C0	E0	X1	S1	C1
An	input	initial state	pre condition	trigger	output	final state	post condition
A101	N1, N2	Sa	Ca	E1		Sb	Cb
A102	N1, N2	Sa	Сс	E1	U1	Sa	Cd
A103	N4	Sb	Ce	E4	U2	Sa	Cf





For Informal Understanding

– Suppose I do (treatment of unit)

What should I expect to be the result?

– Suppose I want (effect in my world)

How could I get that result?





For Formal Checking

- Will Unit deliver expected value into problem domain?

Subject Unit Behavior

∧ Environment Assumptions

∧ External Unit Behavior → Desired Result ?

– Will Unit design provide the Unit behavior?

Component Unit Behaviors

∧ Interconnection Structure → Subject Unit Behavior?





How Can You Use It?

Framing Requirements Analysis Work

- Concept instances to be found and identified
- Questions to be asked and answered
- Specifications to be determined

Guiding Test Case Design Work

- Interaction samples for stimuli
- Interaction observations for responses
- Behavior sequences for historical dependencies







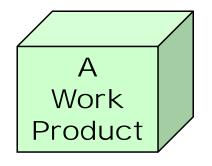
How Can You Use It?

Define as a Product Artifact

- Product "Scope and Vision" satisfying product criteria
- Target for product architecture and design
- Target for test architecture and design

Use a Data Metamodel (IEEE P1175.5*)

- Formalized expressions for concepts
- Formalized entity-relation-attribute/object-role-model
- Formalized model consistency verification
- Presentation-level support





^{*} Discuss participation in 1175WG with the presenter after this session



Questions?



